



# Brookfield Primary School Knowledge Organiser



Year 3: Would you have preferred to live in the Stone Age, Bronze Age or the Iron Age?

History is the study of how people used to live in the past and how things have changed over time.

## Settlements

In the Neolithic period, people started to live in groups together as communities. One example of this is Skara Brae.

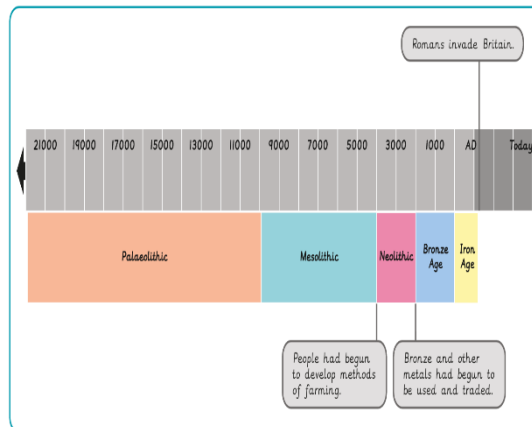


By the Iron Age, people were living in community groups called tribes led by a chief or a king. These were often based around hill forts which were built to defend the tribe.



## Trade

Goods like bronze and copper were exchanged for other items. Trade between Britain and Europe increased during the Iron Age. To start with, bartering was used to exchange goods, but the arrival of the first coins ended this.



**AD (Anno Domini)**

The Latin for "In the year of the Lord", a term used to date the years after Jesus was born.

**archaeology**

Using remains to learn about the past.

**barter**

To exchange goods without using money.

**BC (Before Christ)**

A term used to date the years before Jesus was born.

**hunter-gatherers**

A group of people who move around hunting or collecting food.

**settlement**

A place where people live together as a community.

**trade**

The buying, selling and exchanging of objects and work.

**tribe**

A group of people who shared values and one leader.

## General Historical Words

Century Chronology Date Decade Era  
Evidence Invade Peace Settle war

How long ago did prehistoric man live?

What does Skara Brae tell us about life in the Stone Age?

Who was this Bronze Age man?

What was the impact of bronze in prehistoric Britain?

How did trade change things in the Iron Age?

What changed between the Stone Age and the Iron Age?

